The diagram outlines the Scheme for e-Government Policies in Japan, focusing on the development and implementation of various IT strategies and packages from FY1999 to FY2008. Key milestones include:

- **IT Basic Law** (Formulated based on IT Basic Law)
- **e-Japan Strategy** (ITHQ, Jan. 2001)
- **e-Japan Priority Policy Program 2002** (ITHQ Decision, Mar. 2001)
- **e-Japan Priority Policy Program 2007** (ITHQ Decision, Jul. 2007)

Other notable initiatives include:

- **Law Concerning the Use of Information and Communications Technology for Administrative Procedures, etc.** (Enacted December 2002, effective February 2003)
- **"Future Initiatives for Administrative Reform"** (Cabinet Decision, Dec. 2004)
- **"Program for Promoting e-Government"** (Cabinet Decision Aug 2006)
- **"Future Initiatives for Administrative Reform"** (Cabinet Decision, Dec. 2004)

Key developments and initiatives include:

- Development of Kasumigaseki WAN
- Development of LANs in ministries
- Providing administrative Information by Internet
- Development of the Government Portal Site "e-Gov"
- Development of systems for on-line acceptance in each ministry
- Development of Government Public Key Infrastructure (GPKI) etc.
- Enhancement of "e-Gov" and expansion of one-stop services
- Formulation of Optimization Plans for Business Processes and Systems
- Strengthen the mechanism to build e-government such as appointment of Assistants CIOs

The diagram also highlights the IT New Reform Strategy and the IT Policy Package Roadmap, indicating the ongoing evolution and adaptation to new technological and administrative challenges.